

# TEST REPORT

This Test Report may only be reproduced in full.  
The test results are valid for the tested object only.  
Text written in *italics* is not part of the accredited test.

## Acoustic Noise Emission, IEC 61400-11 ed.2 Viking 25 Wind Turbine

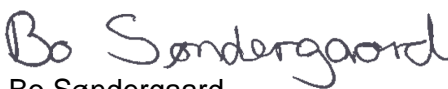
Page 1 of 27 pages

Report no.: P6.001.11  
Århus 10. February 2011  
Project: 35.6349.01

Client:  
HSWind Aps  
Clausholmvej 24  
DK-8960 Randers SØ  
Denmark

Commissioned by:  
Svend Enevoldsen  
Telephone: +45 4333 5692

Prepared by:  
Bo Søndergaard  
Checked by:  
Peter Henningsen

Signatory:  
  
Bo Søndergaard

Ver. 2007.11.30 PHe

### Summary:

For the HSWind wind turbine type Viking 25, the following acoustic data has been determined according to IEC 61400-11 Edition 2.1:

Standardized wind speed, $V_s$ [m/s]	6	7	8	9	10
Power [kW], from power curve	9.9	14.5	18.6	22.1	25.4
Apparent sound power level, $L_{WA}$ [dB re 1 pW]	93.9	94.9	95.8	96.4	97.2
Tonality [dB]	0.1	1.0	0.3	0.1	-0.2
Uncertainty [dB]	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3

Third octave band spectra are shown in figure 11.

The measurements were carried out on 11. January 2011, at Randers, Denmark.

<b>TABLE OF CONTENTS</b>		<b>PAGE</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>METHODOLOGY</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	Standard	3
2.2	Deviations from IEC 61400-11 Ed. 2.1	3
2.3	Options used from IEC 61400-11 Ed. 2.1	3
<b>3</b>	<b>CHARACTERIZATION OF THE WIND TURBINE</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>INSTRUMENTATION</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>ACOUSTIC DATA</b>	<b>8</b>
6.1	Apparent sound power levels	10
6.2	Third octave spectra	12
6.3	Tonality	18
<b>7</b>	<b>NON-ACOUSTIC DATA</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>UNCERTAINTY</b>	<b>24</b>

## **1 INTRODUCTION**

HS Wind A/S has requested Grontmij | Carl Bro A/S. Acoustica, to carry out acoustic noise measurements for a Viking 25 wind turbine erected near Randers, Denmark.

Grontmij | Carl Bro A/S, Acoustica, is accredited by DANAK (Danish Accreditation) under EN ISO/IEC 17025 to perform testing using the relevant standards.

## **2 METHODOLOGY**

### **2.1 Standard**

The measurements, data reduction, and calculations were carried out according to the standard IEC 61400 –11, edition 2.1 “Wind turbine generator systems – Part 11: Acoustic noise measurement techniques”, 2006-11.

### **2.2 Deviations from IEC 61400-11 Ed. 2.1**

No data for electrical power, nacelle wind speed, RPM and yaw were registered during the measurements. In order to reduce the background noise from traffic on Clausholmvej a small barrier of bales of straw was set up around the microphone as shown in photos 2 and 4. The bales of straw is considered to be highly absorptive thus not influencing measuring the noise from the wind turbine.

### **2.3 Options used from IEC 61400-11 Ed. 2.1**

As the hub height is only 18 m for the wind turbine it was decided to determine the wind speed according to method 2, through direct measurements at 10 m height. This is in agreement with the suggestions in 88/384/CDV dated 2010-11-26 for revision of 61400-11 for small wind turbines.

**3 CHARACTERIZATION OF THE WIND TURBINE****Table 2. Information about the wind turbine as provided by the manufacturer.**

Manufacturer	HS Wind Aps
Model number	Viking 25
Serial number	N/A
Further identification	Prototype
Configuration	Horizontal axis, upwind rotor
Rotor center height	18 m
Horizontal distance from rotor center to tower axis	~ 1 m
Diameter of rotor	6.5 m
Tower type	Tubular HSWind Tilt
Power control	Stall
Rotational speed	65 RPM
Power curve	See table 3
Rated power output	25 kW
Control software version	Mita-Teknik IC 1100
Rotor control devices	Aerodynamic brakes
Vortex generators, stall strips, serrated trailing edges	N/A
Blade type	OLW 620 Passive
Number of blades	3
Gear manufacturer	N/A
Gear model number	STM-EX1501/804 23.25 PAM200D M1s
Gear serial number	N/A
Gear configuration	Planetary + helical
Gear ratio	1:23.25
Generator manufacturer	VEM Motors GmbH
Generator model number	G21R 200 L4 HW
Generator serial number	N/A
Rated RPM / Rated Slip	1525/-

The power curve below is provided by the manufacturer. The power curve has not been used in connection with the noise measurements.

**Table 3. Power output at sea level air density (1,225 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)**

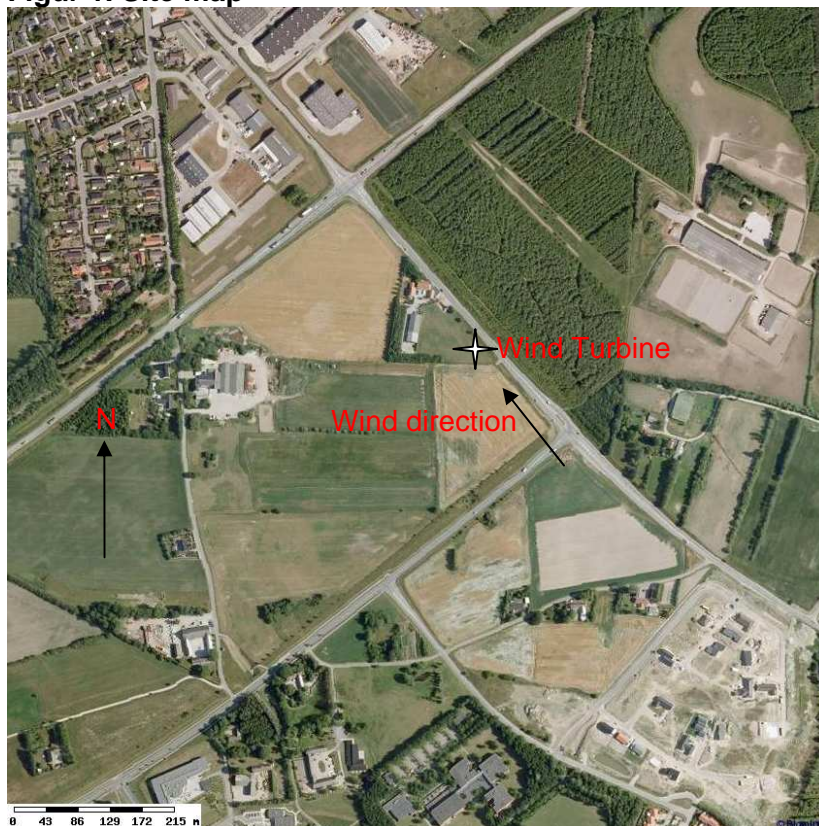
Normalized Hub Height Wind Speed [m/s]	Power Output [kW]
3.75	0.19
4.25	0.78
4.75	0.26
5.25	4.21
5.75	6.21
6.25	8.14
6.75	10.20
7.25	12.36
7.75	14.35
8.25	16.27
8.75	18.11
9.25	19.73
9.75	21.33
10.25	22.78
10.75	24.67
11.25	25.69
11.75	26.00

#### 4 PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

**Table 4. The physical environment at and near the site of the wind turbine and the measuring positions**

Site location	North 56 26 16, East 10 04 34. Clausholmvej 24, 8960 Randers, Denmark
Topography within 1 km from turbine	Almost flat, agricultural land. Altitude at turbine: 40 m above sea level. Relative altitudes within a 1 km radius: +10 m to -10 m. East of the wind turbine the terrain have a steep rise of several meters to an area with small trees.
Surface characteristics	Grass, Crop.
Nearby reflecting structures	None
Other nearby sound sources	Road traffic noise from Clausholmvej and Paderup Boulevard

Figur 1. Site map



Figur 2. Photo taken in the direction of the turbine from the reference microphone position. Note the reference microphone is behind the bales of straw.



**Figur 3. Photo taken in the direction of the wind mast from the turbine**



**Figur 4. Photo of the microphone on the measurement board from the wind turbine.**



## 5 INSTRUMENTATION

**Table 5. Instrumentation used for measurements and analysis**

Description	Manufacturer	Type	ACA no.	Calibrated	Next calibration
Microphone 1/2"	BSWA Tech	MPA261	146	28-04-10	28-04-11
Calibrator	Brüel & Kjær	4200	378	16-06-10	16-12-10
Anemometer	Autohelm	ZC80	644	27-08-10	27-08-12
Data acq.-software	Acoustica	Windturbine 4.0.4	864	10-01-11	10-01-13
Data acquisition	National Instr.	PXI-4462	626	10-01-11	10-01-13
Data acquisition t	National Instr.	PXI-6220	626	10-01-11	10-01-13

The anemometer and the wind direction transducer were placed at a height of 10 meters above the ground. The distance to the wind turbine was 20 m. The compass bearing from the tower towards the anemometer was 200°.

No secondary wind screen was used.

**Table 6. Microphone positions**

Position	Horizontal distance from tower centerline	Vertical distance from tower foundation
1 (ref. pos.)	20 m	0 m

No measurements were carried out in the positions 2, 3, and 4.

## 6 ACOUSTIC DATA

The measurements were carried out during the following period: 2011-11-01 from 13.35 to 16.30 local time.

The wind speed was determined by direct measurement at 10 m height.

From the power curve it appears that 95% of the maximum output (95% of 25 kW) is produced at a normalized hub height wind speed of 10.5 m/s. This corresponds to a standardized wind speed of 9.5 m/s at 10 meters height. The cut-in appears at 3 m/s.

Measured data pairs (1 minute periods) of total noise were excluded from the analysis and calculations if:

- The nacelle azimuth deviates more than  $\pm 15^\circ$  from a true downwind direction in the reference microphone position.
- The sound pressure is influenced by loud background noise.

Measured data pairs (1 minute periods) of background noise were excluded from the analysis and calculations if:

- The nacelle azimuth deviates more than  $\pm 15^\circ$  from a true downwind direction in the reference microphone position.
- The sound pressure is influenced by loud background noise.



**Figure 5. Measured data pairs at the reference microphone position used in analysis and calculations. Red circles: Total noise. Blue squares: Background noise.**

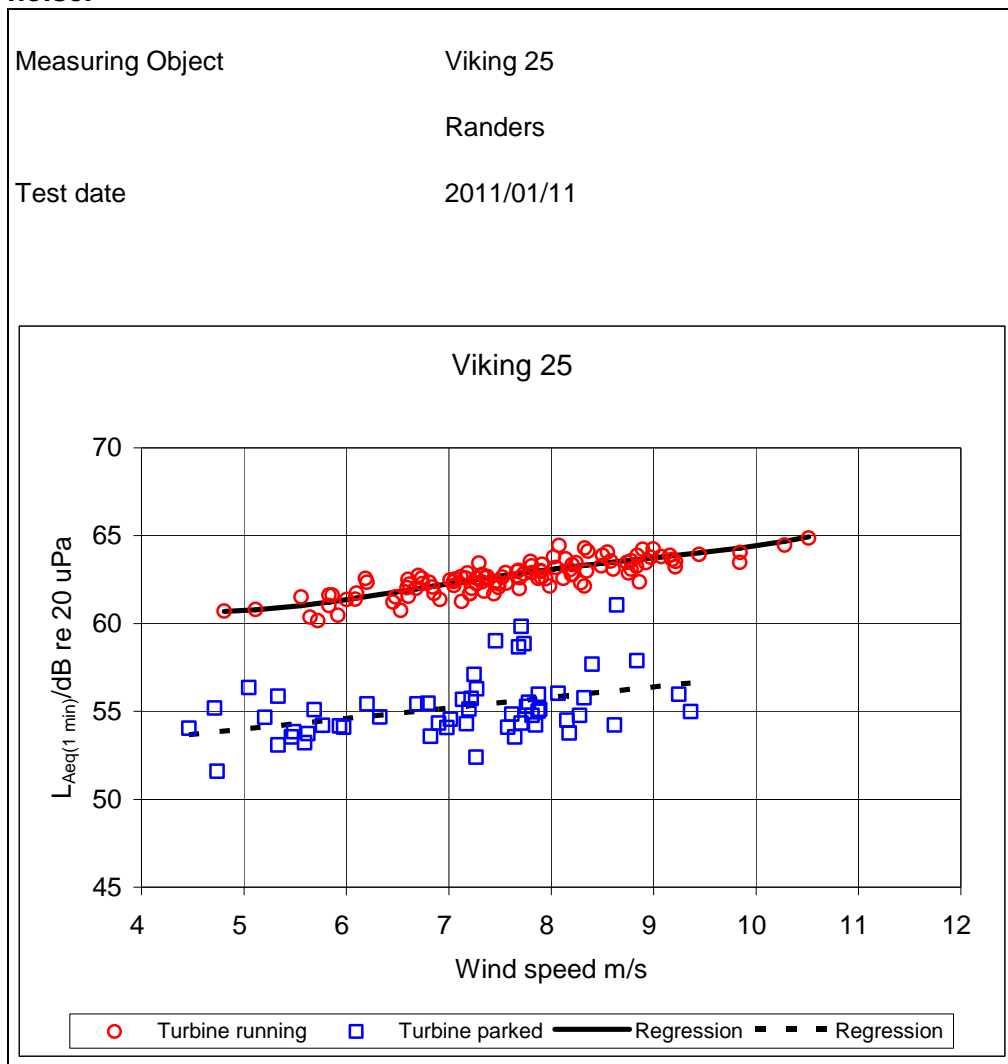


Table 1 shows the BIN-analysis of the measured noise levels with the turbine in operation.

**Table 1 BIN-analysis of noise levels with wind turbine in operation**

BIN Class	[m/s]	6	7	8	9	10
Number of measurements		14	36	34	21	4
Average wind speed	[m/s]	6.0	7.1	8.0	8.9	10.1
Avg. $L_{Aeq, Total}$	[dB re 20 $\mu$ Pa]	61.4	62.2	63.0	63.6	64.2

Table 2 shows the BIN-analysis of the measured noise levels with the wind turbine parked.

**Table 2 BIN-analysis of noise levels with the wind turbine parked.**

BIN Class	[m/s]	6	7	8	9	10
Number of measurements		10	11	26	13	9
Average wind speed	[m/s]	6.0	7.1	8.0	9.1	10,0
Avg. $L_{Aeq,Back}$	[dB re 20 $\mu$ Pa]	47.8	48.2	50.8	51.6	54.2

The results corrected for background noise are shown in Table 3.

**Table 3 Measurement results corrected for background noise.**

BIN Class	[m/s]	6	7	8	9	10
$L_{Aeq,c}$ Polynomia	[dB re 20 $\mu$ Pa]	60.3	61.3	62.2	62.9	63.6

Regression analysis of 4<sup>th</sup> order of the measured data pairs gives correlation a coefficient of  $R^2 = 0.91$ .

The regression coefficients are shown in Table 5.

**Table 4. Coefficient of regression for total noise and background noise.**

Order	4	3	2	1	0
Total Noise	0.0114	-0.3556	4.0641	-19.367	93.29
Background noise				0.60	50.99

## 6.1 Apparent sound power levels

The measured wind speeds  $V_z$  are corrected to wind speeds at reference conditions  $V_s$  using formula (7) in the standard with a roughness length of 0.05 m.

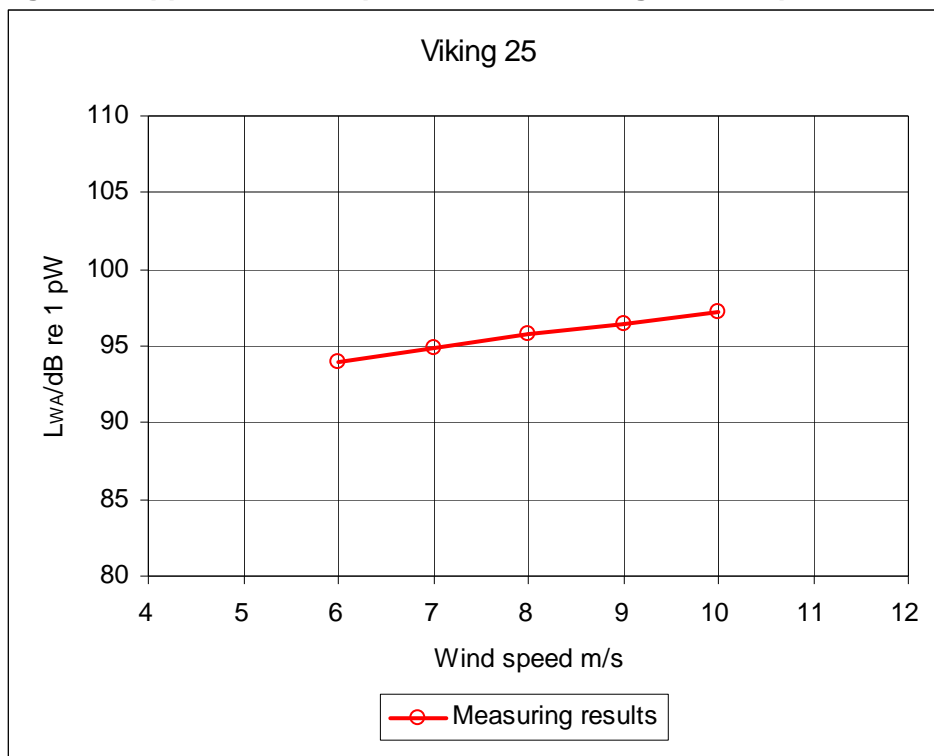
The apparent sound power levels  $L_{WA,k}$  are calculated using 4<sup>th</sup> order regression analysis of data pairs for total noise and linear regression for background noise.

**Table 6. Apparent sound power levels at integer wind speeds**

Standardized wind speed $V_s$ [m/s]	6	7	8	9	10*
Power from Power Curve [kW]	9.9	14.5	18.6	22.1	25.4
Apparent sound power level $L_{WA,k}$ [dB]	93.9	94.9	95.8	96.4	97.2

\* 10 m/s corresponds to more than 95% of rated power

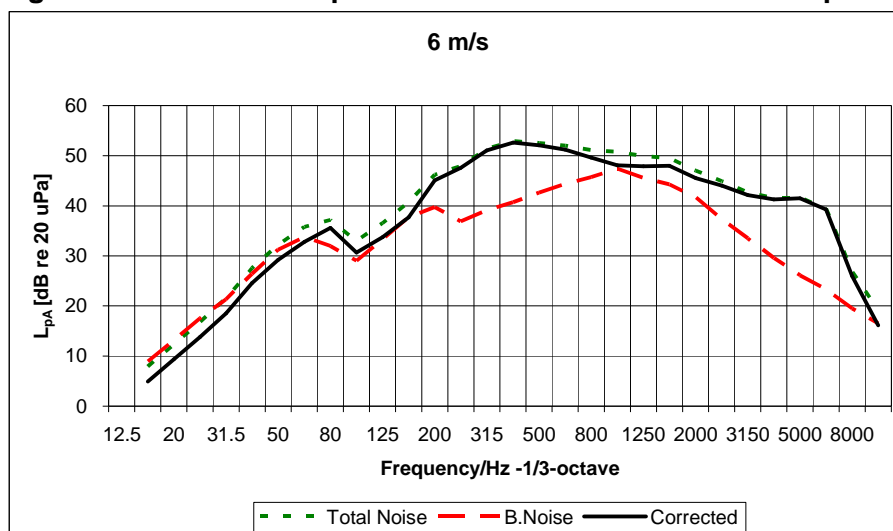
**Figure 5. Apparent sound power levels at integer wind speeds**



## 6.2 Third octave spectra

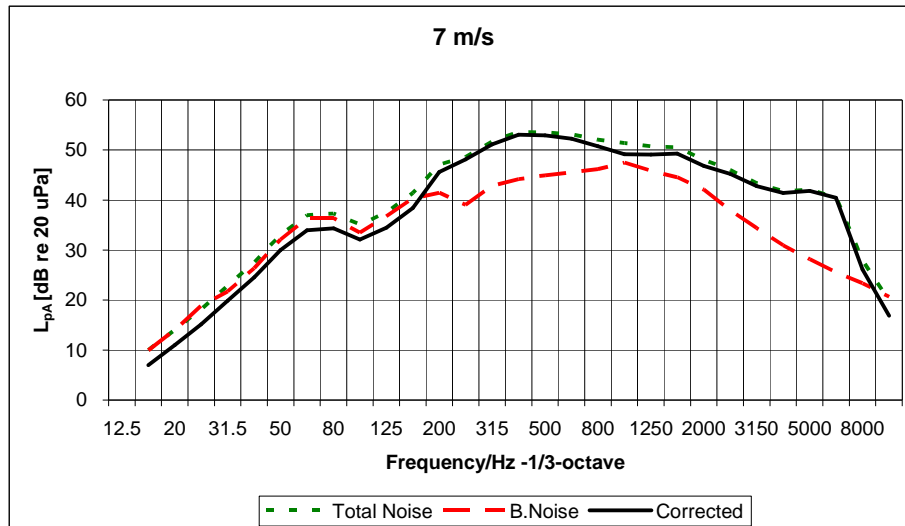
All sound power levels are A-weighted and corrected for the influence of the background noise. An \* indicates that the difference between total noise and background noise is less than 6 dB. For numbers in *Italic* the difference is less than 3 dB. For this situation the numbers are given as the level of the total noise minus 3 dB. This is in accordance with 88/384/CDV dated 2010-11-26 for revision of 61400-11

**Figure 6. Third octave spectrum at the standardised wind speed 6 m/s.**



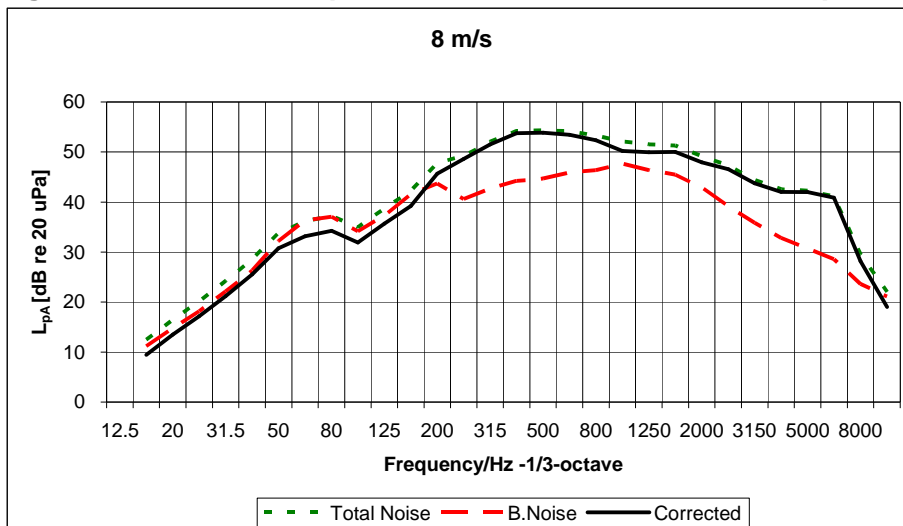
Frequency	LpA pr 1/3-octave [dB]			LpA pr 1/1-octave [dB]	
	Total Noise	B.Noise	Corrected	Frequency	Corrected
12.5					
16	7.9	8.9	4.9 *	16	
20	12.4	13.2	9.4 *		
25	16.8	17.5	13.8 *		
31.5	21.6	21.3	18.6 *	31.5	25.8
40	27.5	26.4	24.5 *		
50	32.2	31.2	29.2 *		
63	35.8	33.8	32.8 *	63	37.3
80	37.1	32.0	35.6 *		
100	32.9	29.0	30.7 *		
125	36.5	33.3	33.7 *	125	39.7
160	40.7	37.7	37.7 *		
200	46.2	39.7	45.1		
250	47.9	36.9	47.6	250	53.4
315	51.3	39.1	51.1		
400	52.9	40.7	52.6		
500	52.5	42.6	52.1	500	56.8
630	52.0	44.4	51.2		
800	51.1	45.7	49.6 *		
1000	50.8	47.4	48.1 *	1000	53.4
1250	49.9	45.6	47.9 *		
1600	49.5	44.3	48.0 *		
2000	47.0	41.7	45.5 *	2000	50.9
2500	44.9	37.3	44.1		
3150	42.7	33.5	42.1		
4000	41.6	29.6	41.3	4000	46.4
5000	41.7	26.2	41.5		
6300	39.4	23.3	39.3		
8000	26.9	19.5	26.0	8000	39.5
10000	19.2	16.5	16.2 *		

Figure 7. Third octave spectrum at the standardised wind speed 7 m/s.



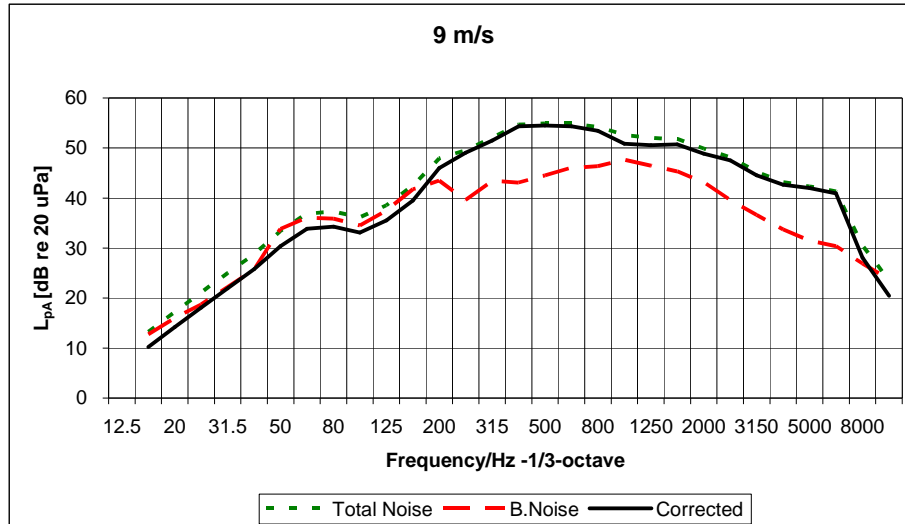
Frequency	LpA pr 1/3-octave [dB]			LpA pr 1/1-octave [dB]	
	Total Noise	B.Noise	Corrected	Frequency	Corrected
12.5					
16	10.0	9.9	7.0 *	16	
20	14.1	14.0	11.1 *		
25	18.1	18.9	15.1 *	31.5	26.2
31.5	22.9	21.7	19.9 *		
40	27.5	26.4	24.5 *		
50	33.0	32.1	30.0 *	63	37.9
63	37.0	36.4	34.0 *		
80	37.3	36.4	34.3 *		
100	35.1	33.5	32.1 *	125	40.6
125	37.5	36.7	34.5 *		
160	41.4	40.3	38.4 *		
200	47.0	41.5	45.6 *	250	53.7
250	48.6	39.0	48.1		
315	51.7	42.9	51.1		
400	53.6	44.2	53.1	500	57.5
500	53.6	44.9	52.9		
630	53.1	45.6	52.3		
800	52.1	46.2	50.8 *	1000	54.5
1000	51.4	47.5	49.1 *		
1250	50.8	45.9	49.1 *		
1600	50.6	44.6	49.3 *	2000	52.2
2000	48.1	42.1	46.8 *		
2500	46.0	37.9	45.3		
3150	43.4	34.4	42.8	4000	46.8
4000	41.8	31.0	41.4		
5000	42.1	28.2	41.9		
6300	40.6	25.6	40.4	8000	40.6
8000	28.0	23.4	26.1 *		
10000	19.8	20.7	16.8 *		

Figure 8. Third octave spectrum at the standardised wind speed 8 m/s.



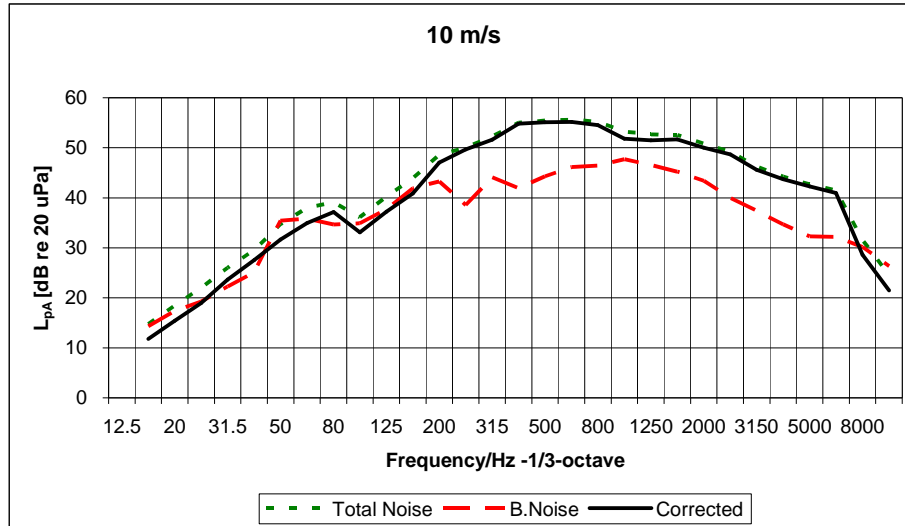
Frequency	LpA pr 1/3-octave [dB]			LpA pr 1/1-octave [dB]	
	Total Noise	B.Noise	Corrected	Frequency	Corrected
12.5					
16	12.5	11.2	9.5 *	16	
20	16.5	14.7	13.5 *		
25	20.2	18.2	17.2 *	31.5	27.4
31.5	24.2	22.1	21.2 *		
40	28.6	26.3	25.6 *		
50	33.8	32.2	30.8 *	63	37.7
63	36.1	36.3	33.1 *		
80	37.2	37.1	34.2 *		
100	34.9	34.2	31.9 *	125	41.4
125	38.7	37.3	35.7 *		
160	42.2	41.6	39.2 *		
200	47.8	43.7	45.7 *	250	54.0
250	49.3	40.6	48.6		
315	52.1	42.7	51.6		
400	54.2	44.2	53.8	500	58.5
500	54.4	44.7	53.9		
630	54.2	45.9	53.5		
800	53.3	46.4	52.3	1000	55.7
1000	52.1	47.7	50.2 *		
1250	51.5	46.4	50.0 *		
1600	51.3	45.5	50.0 *	2000	53.2
2000	49.1	42.9	48.0		
2500	47.3	39.1	46.6		
3150	44.4	35.9	43.8	4000	47.5
4000	42.5	32.8	42.1		
5000	42.3	30.6	42.0		
6300	41.1	28.6	40.9	8000	41.1
8000	29.5	23.6	28.2 *		
10000	22.0	21.1	19.0 *		

Figure 9. Third octave spectrum at the standardised wind speed 9 m/s.



Frequency	LpA pr 1/3-octave [dB]			LpA pr 1/1-octave [dB]	
	Total Noise	B.Noise	Corrected	Frequency	Corrected
12.5					
16	13.2	12.8	10.2 *	16	
20	17.2	16.1	14.2 *		
25	21.1	18.7	18.1 *	31.5	27.8
31.5	25.0	22.2	22.0 *		
40	28.8	25.7	25.8 *		
50	33.4	33.8	30.4 *	63	37.9
63	36.9	36.1	33.9 *		
80	37.3	35.9	34.3 *		
100	36.1	34.5	33.1 *	125	41.6
125	38.5	37.5	35.5 *		
160	42.5	41.7	39.5 *		
200	47.9	43.5	46.0 *	250	54.2
250	49.5	39.6	49.1		
315	52.1	43.4	51.5		
400	54.7	43.1	54.4	500	59.2
500	54.9	44.5	54.5		
630	54.9	46.0	54.3		
800	54.2	46.4	53.5	1000	56.6
1000	52.6	47.7	50.9 *		
1250	52.0	46.5	50.6 *		
1600	51.9	45.4	50.8	2000	54.0
2000	49.9	43.1	48.9		
2500	48.2	39.6	47.5		
3150	45.2	36.7	44.6	4000	48.0
4000	43.2	33.7	42.7		
5000	42.3	31.5	42.0		
6300	41.3	30.4	40.9	8000	41.2
8000	30.5	26.9	28.1 *		
10000	23.4	23.7	20.4 *		

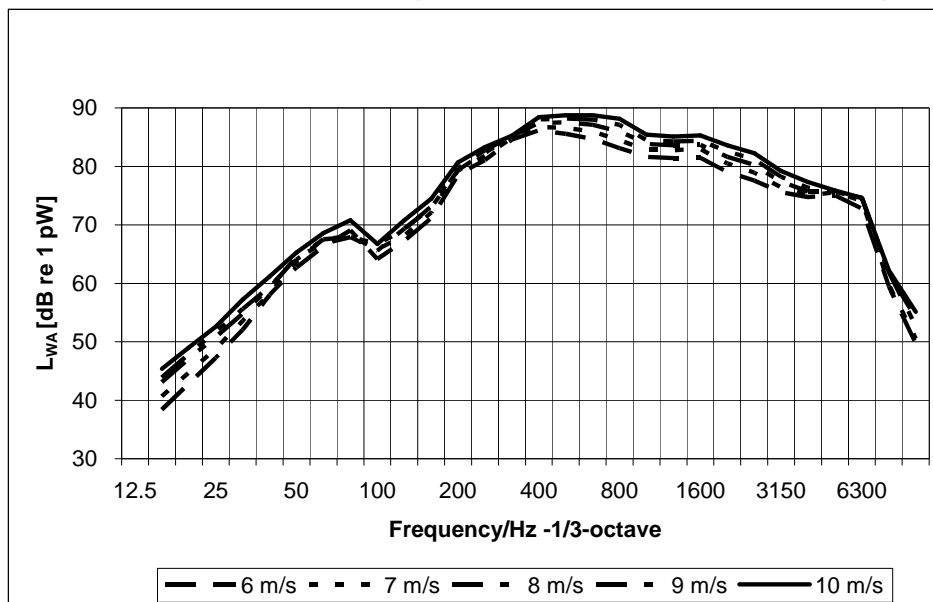
**Figure 10. Third octave spectrum at the standardised wind speed 10 m/s.  
 10 m/s corresponds to more than 95% of rated power.**



Frequency	LpA pr 1/3-octave [dB]			LpA pr 1/1-octave [dB]	
	Total Noise	B.Noise	Corrected	Frequency	Corrected
12.5					
16	14.8	14.3	11.8 *	16	
20	18.4	17.4	15.4 *		
25	22.0	19.2	19.0 *	31.5	29.4
31.5	26.0	22.2	23.6 *		
40	29.5	25.1	27.6 *		
50	34.7	35.5	31.7 *	63	39.4
63	38.0	35.9	35.0 *		
80	39.1	34.7	37.2 *		
100	36.1	34.9	33.1 *	125	42.9
125	40.2	37.7	37.2 *		
160	43.9	41.9	40.9 *		
200	48.6	43.3	47.1 *	250	54.6
250	50.0	38.5	49.7		
315	52.3	44.1	51.6		
400	55.1	42.0	54.8	500	59.8
500	55.5	44.3	55.1		
630	55.7	46.1	55.2		
800	55.2	46.4	54.5	1000	57.6
1000	53.3	47.7	51.8 *		
1250	52.7	46.6	51.5		
1600	52.6	45.2	51.7	2000	55.1
2000	50.8	43.4	50.0		
2500	49.2	40.0	48.7		
3150	46.2	37.4	45.6	4000	48.9
4000	44.2	34.7	43.7		
5000	42.7	32.3	42.3		
6300	41.5	32.2	41.0	8000	41.1
8000	31.6	30.1	28.6 *		
10000	24.5	26.3	21.5 *		



Figure 11. Third octave sound power spectra at standardised wind speeds from 6 m/s to 10 m/s. 10 m/s corresponds to more than 95% of rated power.



Frequency	LWA pr 1/3-octave [dB]					LWA pr 1/1-octave [dB]				
	6 m/s	7 m/s	8 m/s	9 m/s	10 m/s	6 m/s	7 m/s	8 m/s	9 m/s	10 m/s
12.5										
16	38.4	40.7	43.1	43.9	45.4					
20	42.8	44.7	47.1	47.9	49.0					
25	47.3	48.8	50.8	51.8	52.6					
31.5	52.0	53.6	54.9	55.6	57.2	59.3	59.8	61.0	61.5	63.1
40	58.0	58.2	59.2	59.5	61.2					
50	62.7	63.7	64.4	64.0	65.3					
63	66.3	67.6	66.8	67.5	68.6	71.5	71.6	71.4	71.6	73.5
80	69.1	68.0	67.9	67.9	70.8					
100	64.1	65.8	65.6	66.8	66.7					
125	67.2	68.2	69.3	69.2	70.8	73.2	74.2	75.0	75.3	76.5
160	71.2	72.1	72.9	73.2	74.5					
200	78.6	79.3	79.3	79.7	80.7					
250	81.0	81.8	82.3	82.7	83.3	86.9	87.3	87.7	87.9	88.2
315	84.5	84.8	85.2	85.2	85.2					
400	86.1	86.8	87.4	88.0	88.4					
500	85.6	86.6	87.5	88.2	88.7	90.3	91.2	92.1	92.8	93.4
630	84.7	85.9	87.1	88.0	88.8					
800	83.1	84.5	86.0	87.1	88.1					
1000	81.6	82.8	83.9	84.5	85.4	86.9	88.2	89.4	90.3	91.2
1250	81.4	82.8	83.6	84.3	85.1					
1600	81.5	83.0	83.7	84.4	85.3					
2000	79.0	80.5	81.6	82.5	83.6	84.4	85.9	86.8	87.7	88.7
2500	77.5	78.9	80.2	81.2	82.3					
3150	75.6	76.5	77.4	78.2	79.2					
4000	74.8	75.1	75.7	76.3	77.3	79.9	80.5	81.1	81.6	82.5
5000	75.0	75.5	75.6	75.6	75.9					
6300	72.8	74.1	74.5	74.6	74.6					
8000	59.5	59.8	61.8	61.8	62.2	73.0	74.3	74.8	74.9	74.9
10000	49.6	50.5	52.7	54.1	55.1					
L <sub>WA</sub>	93.9	94.9	95.8	96.4	97.2	93.9	94.9	95.8	96.4	97.2

### 6.3 Tonality

The tonality analysis was carried out using A-weighting with the analysis software WT-Tonality programmed at Acoustica.

The level of the background noise in the critical bands was more than 6 dB below the total noise.

Only tones with  $\Delta L_{a,k} \geq -3,0$  dB are shown.

FFT-spectra and the tonality analysis are shown in figures 12 – 16. The resulting tonality is shown in table 7. The purple curve in the figures represent the background noise.

Tones below 200 Hz are from the background noise from the traffic on nearby roads.

**Table 7. Tonality**

BIN Class	[m/s]	6	7	8	9	10
Tone frequency		441.2	442.8	443.2	443.7	443.7
Tonal Audibility $\Delta L_a$	[dB]	0.1	1.0	0.3	0.1	-0.2

Supplementary, a tonality analysis according to Danish regulations is made. This is reported in figure 17.

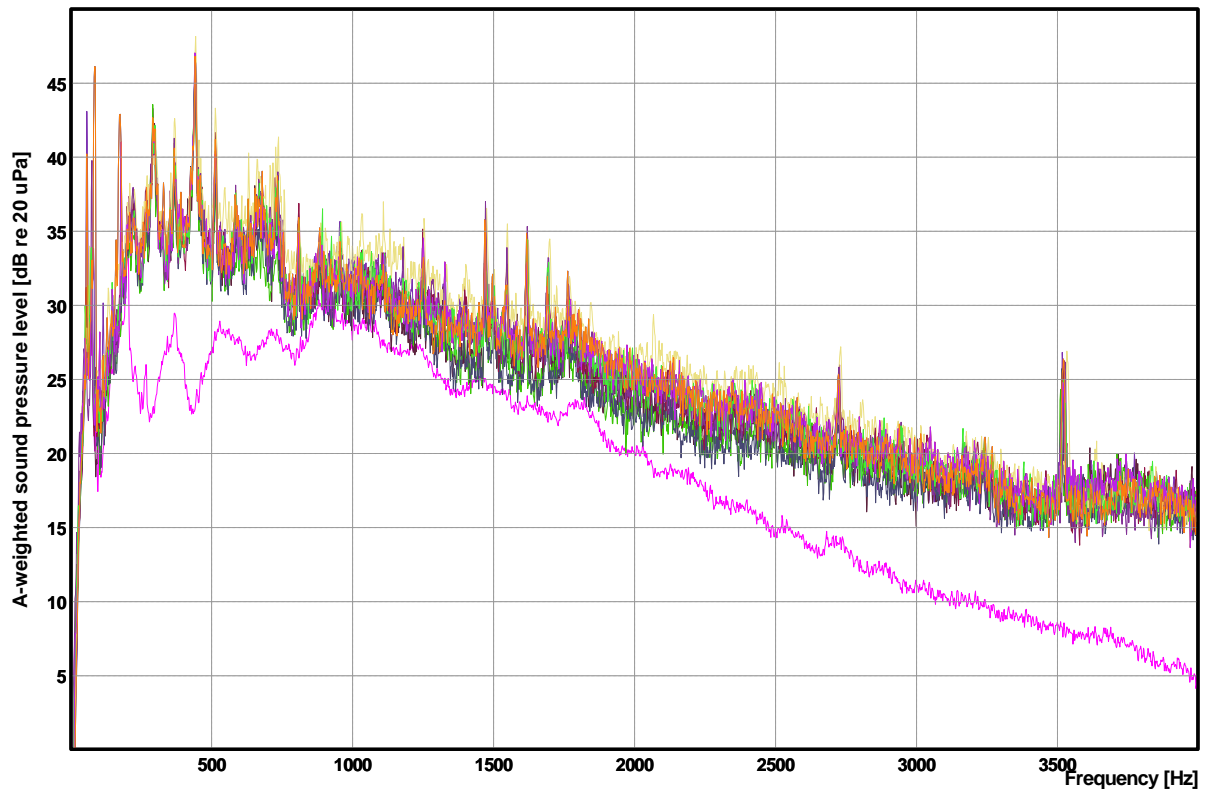
Figure 12. FFT- spectra and determination of tonality at 6 m/s

Tonality: IEC 61400, 2. ed., 2002-12

Spectrum no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. in file	717	718	719	720	721	722	713	714	715	716	717	718
Tone frequency [Hz]	441.0	441.0	441.0	441.0	441.0	441.0	441.0	443.0	441.0	441.0	441.0	441.0
LpA,tone [dB re 20 uPa]	50.5	49.5	50.3	50.5	47.7	49.5	49.4	51.6	50.5	50.8	50.5	49.5
Critical bandwidth [Hz]	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0
Lower limit [Hz]	385.0	385.0	385.0	385.0	385.0	385.0	385.0	387.0	385.0	385.0	385.0	385.0
Upper limit [Hz]	499.0	499.0	499.0	499.0	499.0	499.0	499.0	501.0	499.0	499.0	499.0	499.0
LpA,noise,avg. [dB]	36.2	36.2	35.9	35.9	35.7	35.6	36.3	37.4	35.9	35.7	36.2	36.2
$10 \cdot \log(\text{crit. BW/eff. noise BW})$ [dB]	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8
LpnA [dB re 20 uPa]	52.0	52.0	51.7	51.7	51.5	51.4	52.1	53.2	51.7	51.5	52.0	52.0
dLtn [dB]	-1.5	-2.5	-1.4	-1.3	-3.7	-1.8	-2.7	-1.5	-1.1	-0.7	-1.5	-2.5

Avg. tone frequency [Hz]	441.2
dL (=dLtn,avg.) [dB]	-1.8
dLa [dB]	0.4



Wind Class: 6 [m/s]

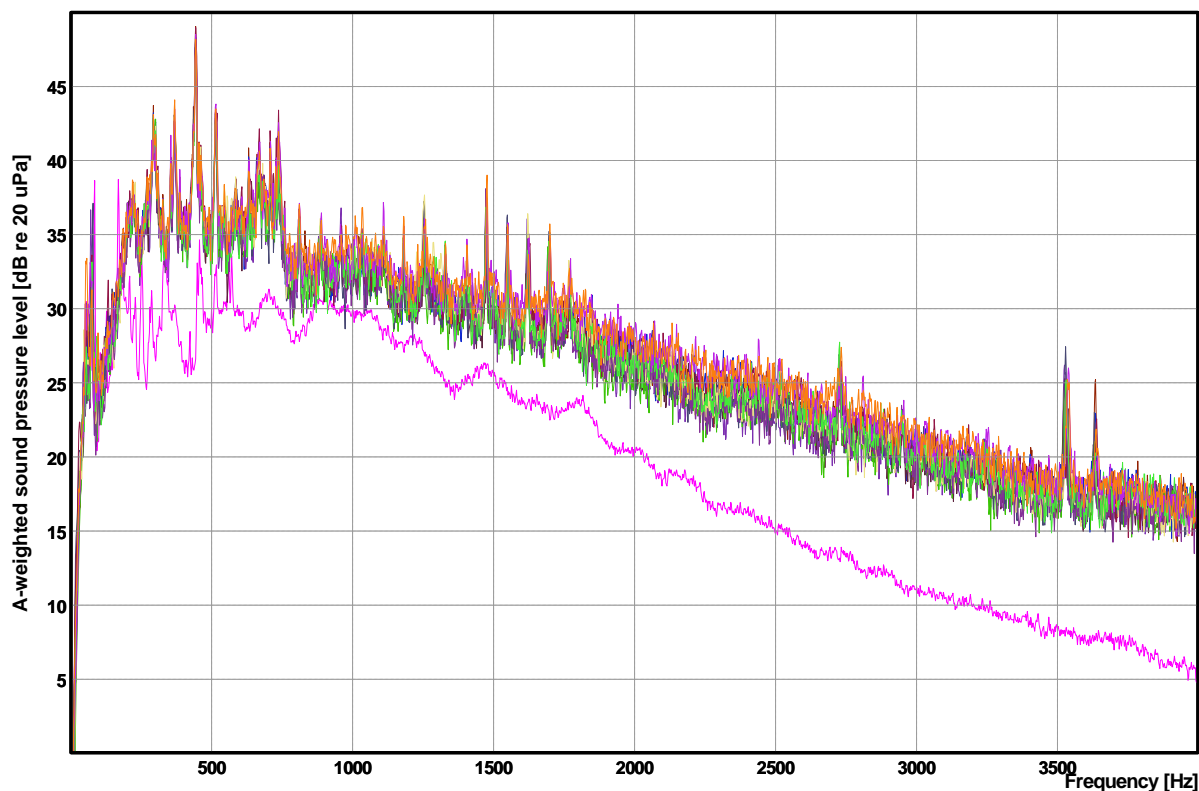
Figure 13. FFT- spectra and determination of tonality at 7 m/s

Tonality: IEC 61400, 2. ed., 2002-12

Spectrum no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. in file	7	8	9	10	11	12	161	162	163	164	165	166
Tone frequency [Hz]	443.0	443.0	441.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0
LpA,tone [dB re 20 uPa]	53.0	51.7	51.4	51.4	51.1	51.3	52.0	50.9	50.9	50.7	51.2	51.1
Critical bandwidth [Hz]	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0
Lower limit [Hz]	387.0	387.0	385.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0
Upper limit [Hz]	501.0	501.0	499.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0
LpA,noise,avg. [dB]	37.2	37.0	36.5	36.7	36.6	36.5	37.3	37.0	36.3	36.1	37.3	37.4
10*log(crit. BW/eff. noise BW) [dB]	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8
LpnA [dB re 20 uPa]	53.0	52.8	52.3	52.5	52.4	52.3	53.1	52.8	52.1	51.9	53.1	53.2
dLtn [dB]	-0.0	-1.1	-0.8	-1.0	-1.3	-1.0	-1.2	-2.0	-1.2	-1.2	-1.8	-2.1

Avg. tone frequency [Hz]	442.8
dL (=dLtn,avg.) [dB]	-1.2
dLa [dB]	1.0



Wind Class: 7 [m/s]

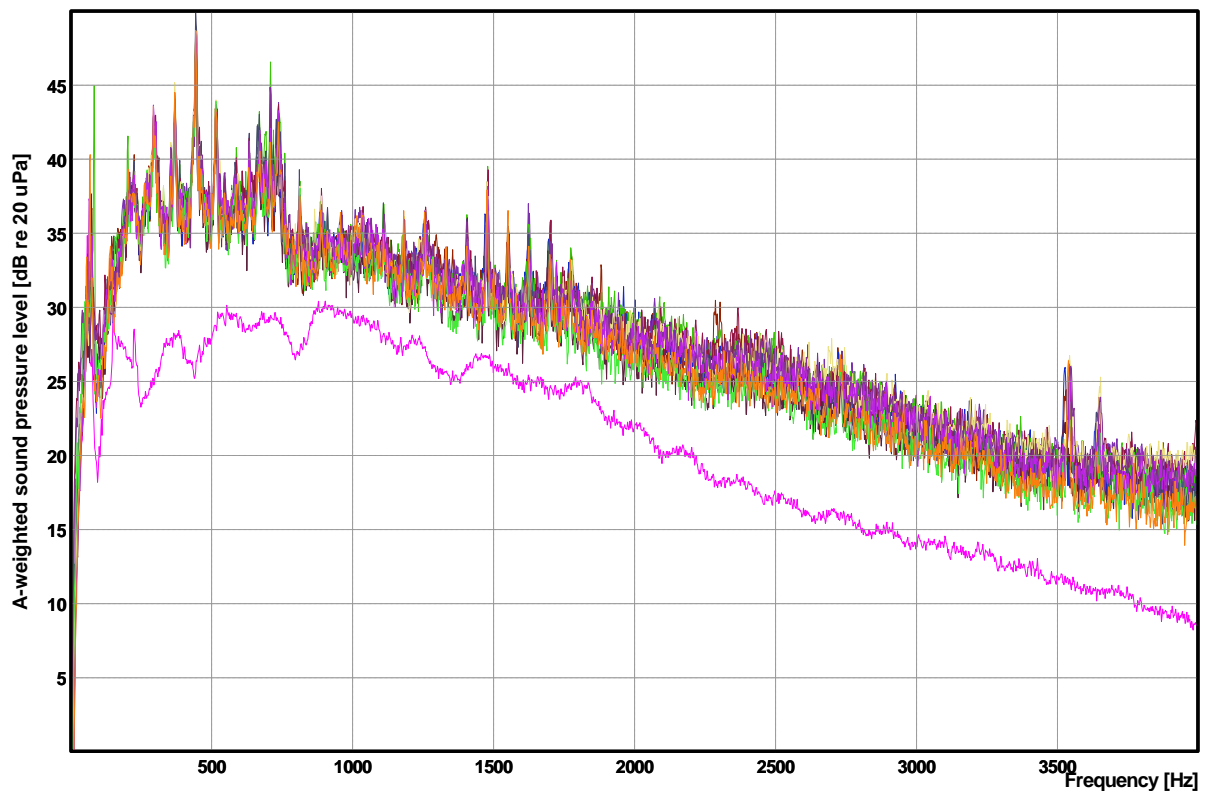
Figure 14. FFT- spectra and determination of tonality at 8 m/s

Tonality: IEC 61400, 2. ed., 2002-12

Spectrum no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. in file	666	667	668	669	670	671	854	855	856	857	858	859
Tone frequency [Hz]	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	445.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0
LpA,tone [dB re 20 uPa]	50.7	51.0	51.6	51.0	52.9	53.5	51.8	51.6	50.8	51.5	51.7	51.2
Critical bandwidth [Hz]	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0
Lower limit [Hz]	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	389.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0
Upper limit [Hz]	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	503.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0
LpA,noise,avg. [dB]	37.4	37.4	38.4	37.1	38.4	38.1	38.3	37.9	38.0	37.5	37.8	36.9
10*log(crit. BW/eff. noise BW) [dB]	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8
LpnA [dB re 20 uPa]	53.2	53.2	54.2	52.9	54.2	53.9	54.1	53.7	53.8	53.3	53.6	52.7
dLtn [dB]	-2.5	-2.3	-2.7	-1.9	-1.3	-0.4	-2.3	-2.1	-3.0	-1.9	-1.9	-1.5

Avg. tone frequency [Hz]	443.2
dL (=dLtn,avg.) [dB]	-1.9
dLa [dB]	0.3

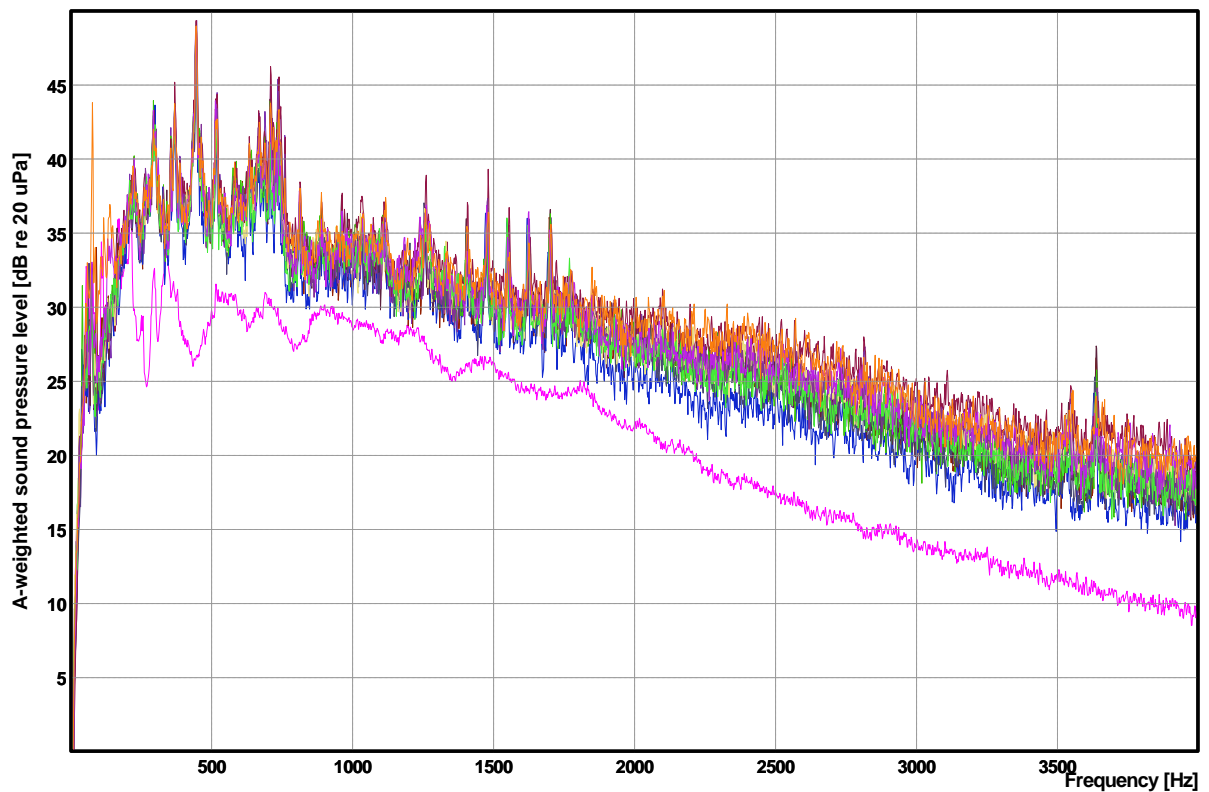


Wind Class: 8 [m/s]

Figure 15. FFT- spectra and determination of tonality at 9 m/s

Tonality: IEC 61400, 2. ed., 2002-12

Spectrum no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. in file	591	592	593	594	595	596	361	362	363	364	365	366
Tone frequency [Hz]	443.0	443.0	447.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	445.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	445.0
LpA,tone [dB re 20 uPa]	52.8	51.3	52.9	52.3	51.9	51.5	52.3	50.9	51.8	51.0	52.0	52.9
Critical bandwidth [Hz]	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0
Lower limit [Hz]	387.0	387.0	391.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	389.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	389.0
Upper limit [Hz]	501.0	501.0	505.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	503.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	503.0
LpA,noise,avg. [dB]	38.6	37.0	38.4	38.7	38.9	38.2	38.7	38.0	38.5	37.6	38.6	38.4
10*log(crit. BW/eff. noise BW) [dB]	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8
LpnA [dB re 20 uPa]	54.4	52.8	54.2	54.5	54.7	54.0	54.5	53.8	54.3	53.4	54.4	54.2
dLtn [dB]	-1.6	-1.5	-1.3	-2.2	-2.8	-2.4	-2.2	-2.9	-2.5	-2.4	-2.4	-1.3
Avg. tone frequency [Hz]	443.7											
dL (=dLtn,avg.) [dB]	-2.1											
dLa [dB]	0.1											



Wind Class: 9 [m/s]

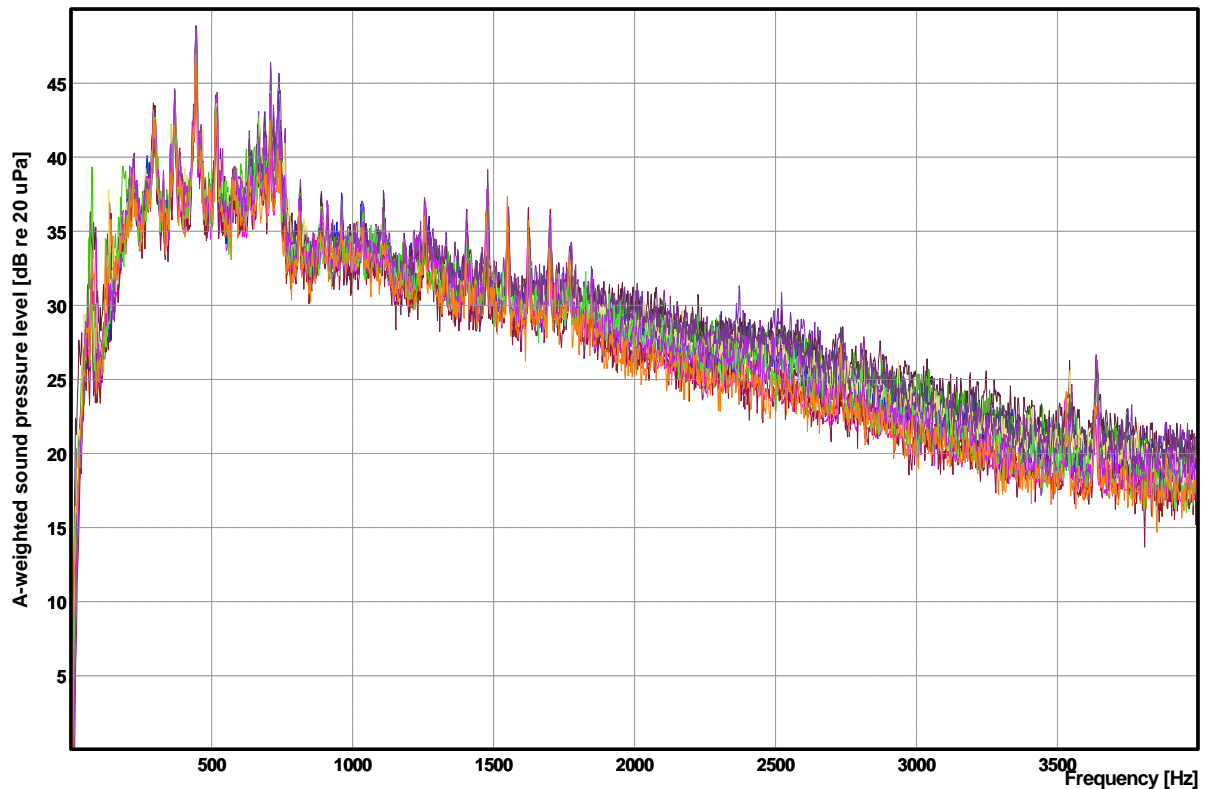
Figure 16. FFT- spectra and determination of tonality at 10 m/s

Tonality: IEC 61400, 2. ed., 2002-12

Spectrum no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. in file	343	344	345	346	347	348	562	563	564	565	566	567
Tone frequency [Hz]	443.0	443.0	445.0	445.0	443.0	443.0	443.0	445.0	445.0	443.0	443.0	443.0
LpA,tone [dB re 20 uPa]	52.0	51.7	52.3	51.6	51.2	52.7	52.2	52.2	52.0	52.2	52.5	50.3
Critical bandwidth [Hz]	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0
Lower limit [Hz]	387.0	387.0	389.0	389.0	387.0	387.0	387.0	389.0	389.0	387.0	387.0	387.0
Upper limit [Hz]	501.0	501.0	503.0	503.0	501.0	501.0	501.0	503.0	503.0	501.0	501.0	501.0
LpA,noise,avg. [dB]	38.4	38.5	38.7	38.5	39.3	38.7	37.8	39.2	38.9	38.5	38.9	38.3
10*log(crit. BW/eff. noise BW) [dB]	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8
LpnA [dB re 20 uPa]	54.2	54.3	54.5	54.3	55.1	54.5	53.6	54.9	54.7	54.3	54.7	54.1
dLtn [dB]	-2.1	-2.6	-2.3	-2.7	-3.9	-1.8	-1.4	-2.8	-2.7	-2.1	-2.2	-3.8

Avg. tone frequency [Hz]	443.7
dL (=dLtn,avg.) [dB]	-2.5
dLa [dB]	-0.2



Wind Class: 10 [m/s]

**7 NON-ACOUSTIC DATA****Table 8. Non-acoustic data**

Wind speed determination method	Method 2, direct measurement at 10 m
Air temperature	4°C – 7°C
Atmospheric pressure	101 kPa – 102 kPa
Relative Humidity	56 – 62 %
Roughness length	0,05 m (estimated)
Wind direction	170°

**8 UNCERTAINTY**

The uncertainties are given as the expanded combined standard uncertainties with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$ , corresponding approximately to a 95% level of confidence

**Table 9. Calculated statistical type A uncertainty components**

	Total noise $U_A$	Background noise $U_A$
Standardised wind speed, $V_s = 6$ m/s	0,7 dB	0,7 dB
Standardised wind speed, $V_s = 7$ m/s	0,5 dB	1,6 dB
Standardised wind speed, $V_s = 8$ m/s	0,3 dB	1,8 dB
Standardised wind speed, $V_s = 9$ m/s	0,5 dB	1,6 dB
Standardised wind speed, $V_s = 10$ m/s	0,6 dB	2,0 dB*

\* Predicted from 9 m/s values.

**Table 10. Evaluated type B uncertainty components**

Component	Value
Calibration, $U_{B1}$	0,2 dB
Instrument, $U_{B2}$	0,2 dB
Board, $U_{B3}$ ( $L_{WA}$ )	0,3 dB
Board, $U_{B3}$ (third octave bands)	1,7 dB
Board, $U_{B3}$ (tonality)	1,7 dB
Distance, $U_{B4}$	0,1 dB
Impedance, $U_{B5}$	0,1 dB
Turbulence, $U_{B6}$	0,4 dB
Wind speed, measured, $U_{B7}$	0,9 dB
Direction, $U_{B8}$	0,3 dB
Background, $U_{B9}$	0,1 – 0,8 dB



**Table 11. Combined and expanded uncertainty**

<b>Acoustical quantity</b>	<b>Combined and expanded uncertainty, <math>U = k \cdot u_c</math> (coverfactor, <math>k=2</math>)</b>
Apparent sound power level, $V_S = 6$ m/s	2,3 dB
Apparent sound power level, $V_S = 7$ m/s	2,3 dB
Apparent sound power level, $V_S = 8$ m/s	2,3 dB
Apparent sound power level, $V_S = 9$ m/s	2,3 dB
Apparent sound power level, $V_S = 10$ m/s	2,3 dB
Third octave band spectrum	3,6 – 5,2 dB
Tonality	2,5 – 3,2 dB

Figure 17. Tonality analysis according to danish regulations. The spectrum represents the 1 minute period with the highest tonality during measurements. The conclusion is that, as the  $\Delta L_{tn}$  ( $L_{pt}-L_{pn}$ ) = 2.3 dB is less than the level of the criteria curve of 4.2 dB, the tones at 442 Hz and 512 Hz are not clearly audible.

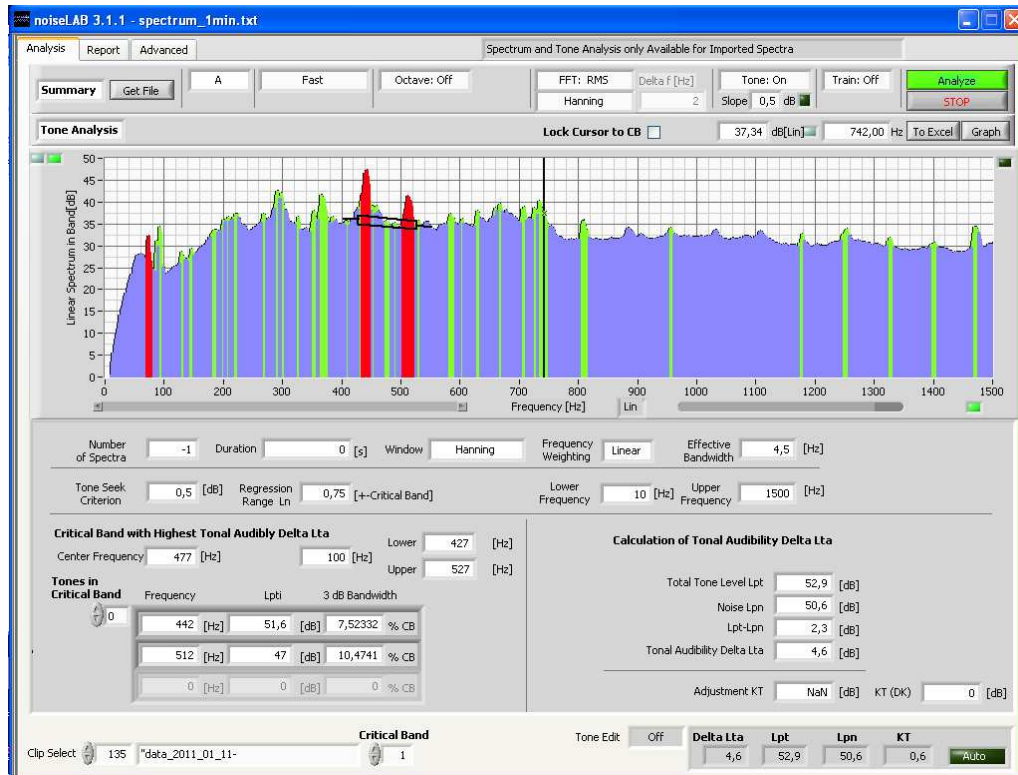
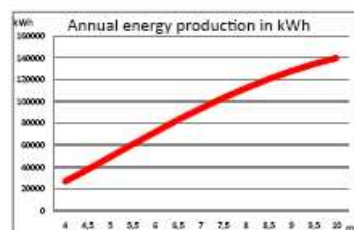
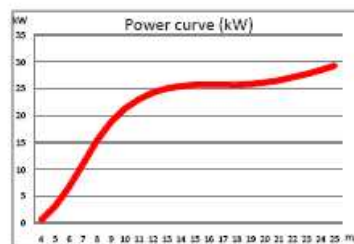


Figure 18. Product sheet for Viking 25

## Technical data Viking 25

<b>Operation Data</b>	
Rated power:	25 kW
Hub height:	18 m
Power regulation:	Stall
Cut-in wind speed:	3,0 m/s
Rated wind speed:	12 m/s
Cut-out wind speed:	>25m/s
Survival wind speed:	No limit
Yaw system:	Active UP Wind including cable untwist
<b>Operational temperature:</b> -10 C° to + 40 C°	
<b>Rotor</b>	
Blade Type:	OLW 620 Passive Stall with tip brakes.
Rotation direction:	Clockwise
Number of blades:	3
Swept area:	133 m <sup>2</sup>
Blade material:	GRP
Rpm./min.	65
Tip speed:	45 m/s
Blade producer:	Olsen Wings
<b>Generator</b>	
Brand:	VEM Motors GmbH
Type:	G21R 200 L4 HW
Voltage:	3*400 + N
Frequency:	50/60 Hz
Rated Speed:	1525 rpm
Grid connection:	yes + stand alone
<b>Gearbox</b>	
Type:	STM-EX1501/804 23,25 PAM200D M1s
<b>Safety system</b>	
Brakes:	Electro mechanical fail safe MAYR 9/800.410.3
<b>Tower</b>	
Type:	HSWind tilt
<b>Control system</b>	
Producer:	Mita-Teknik



The curves are theoretical and may differ from reality

### Viking 25

**Development philosophy**  
 The Viking 25 is developed by the best designers and engineers in Denmark to deliver the best product.

To make sure all requirements are met, Viking 25 will comply with the IEC 61400 - 2 standard.

**Safety**  
 All service and maintenance is done while on the ground. No climbing of the tower is required. The two independent brake systems are both fail safe.

**Tilt tower**  
 The Viking 25 is with tilt tower for easy installation and safety in case of hurricanes and other extremes.

